

# In vivo preclinical Imaging Guided Therapy



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# PERSONALIZED MEDICINE

A form of medicine that uses information about a person's genes, proteins, and environment to prevent, diagnose, and treat disease. In cancer, personalized medicine uses specific information about a person's tumor to help diagnose, plan treatment, find out how well treatment is working, or make a prognosis. Examples of personalized medicine include using targeted therapies to treat specific types of cancer cells, such as HER2-positive breast cancer cells, or using tumor marker testing to help diagnose cancer. Also called precision medicine.



# (1) Pre-treatment diagnostic test



# (2) Imaging Guided Therapy



The current challenge for MRI contrast agents is in the field of Molecular Imaging

## NANOTECHNOLOGY for IMAGING GUIDED DRUG DELIVERY





# Imaging Modalities: range of detection



Courtesy of H. Siebold, Siemens Medical Solutions



# Magnetic Resonance Imaging





-Non invasive and repetitive imaging
-High resolution
-Absence of radiation
-Total tissue penetration
-Low sensitivity

# MRI Contrast Agents



**Inner Sphere** 

## **Clinical MRI Contrast Agents**

#### Clinical dose 0.1 mmol/Kg

![](_page_8_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### BRAIN MRI IMAGES

![](_page_8_Picture_4.jpeg)

PRE

![](_page_8_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_8_Picture_6.jpeg)

## Signal Intensity (SI) $\propto$ [CA]

![](_page_9_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Nanoparticles for imaging guided drug delivery

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Picture_0.jpeg)

## 

C3d peptide

Grange, Geninatti-Crich, Esposito, Alberti, Tei, Bussolati, Aime, Camussi, Cancer Res, 2010

CARRIER

# Combined Delivery of MRI contrast agents and doxorubicin through in Experimentally Induced Kaposi's Sarcoma

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

# If the target receptor is expressed by cells in solid tumors the extravasation of the theranostic agent is needed

![](_page_13_Picture_1.jpeg)

-In solid tumors the vessels formed by the process of angiogenesis show an Increase permeability due to large fenestrae (up to 400 nm)

-**N**ormal vasculature endothelium consists of a continuous lining of endothelial cells tightly connected with each other.

![](_page_13_Figure_4.jpeg)

Osamu I. et al International Journal of Pharmaceutics 190 (1999) 49–56 Pavan P. Nanomedicine and Nanotechnology, 2010

#### THERANOSTIC AGENTS BIODISTRIBUTION DETECTED BY MRI

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Therapeutic responses of SCID mice inoculated with Kaposi cells

![](_page_15_Figure_1.jpeg)

Treatments (5 mg/kg doxorubicin) were on days 12, 19, 26 (indicated by the arrows).

#### **Electronmicroscopy analysis of tumors**

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

- TARGETED LIPOSOME
- NOT TARGETED LIPOSOME

![](_page_16_Picture_4.jpeg)

INTRACELLULAR EXTRACELLULAR

#### Apoferritin as carrier for imaging and therapeutic agents

![](_page_17_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Ferritin receptors (SCARA-5) are highly expressed on hepatocytes

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

Fisher J et al Am. J. Physiol. Cell. Phisiol, 293, 2007. Jian Huang et al The Journal of Clinical Investigation, 120,2010 Jau Yi Li et al, Developmental Cell 16, 35–46, January 20, 2009

![](_page_19_Figure_0.jpeg)

Cutrin JC, Geninatti Crich S, Burghelea D, Dastrù W, Aime S, Mol Pharm. 2013;10(5):2079.

## Biological activities of curcumin

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Advantages:

- Safety even at high doses (12 g/day)
- Good tolerability
- Multi-target compound with multiple therapeutic effect

#### **Disadvantages:**

- Low bioavailability
- Poor water solubility
- Low stability in water (in particular at neutral and basic pH)

Tanya Das et al Mol Cell Biochem (2010) 336:85–95; Marie-Hélène Teiten et al Toxins, 2010.

#### How to include Gd-HPDO3A and Curcumin in Apoferritin?

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

The number of molecules that remained entrapped in the apoferritin after dissociation/reassociation procedure is 9.5±2 and 0.4±0.1 for subunit (24 subunits/protein in the native form) for curcumin and Gd-HPDO3A, respectively.

#### Attenuation of thioacetamide-induced hepatitis by curcumin

- Thioacetamide (TA) has been employed for several years in the development of a model of acute liver injury in rodents.
- -The i.p. administration of high doses (60-100mg/kg) of TA causes fulminant hepatic failure as a consequence of enhanced ROS and lipid peroxides formation, and stimulation of NF-kb and resultant production of pro-inflammatory molecules. *(Rivera-Espinoza et al, Liver international 2009.)*

In this study mice were divided into three groups.
Group A received TA (60 mg/kg) intraperitoneal (ip)
Group B was pretreated 24 h before TA ip administration (60 mg/kg)
with APO-CUR-Gd ip (63 mg/kg)
Group C (control) received an equal volume of sterile 0.9% NaCl solution instead of TA

![](_page_22_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### MRI evaluation of Apo-CUR-Gd biodistribution

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

**Liver [curcumin] = 250**  $\mu$ g/g (8 times higher than the amount found after the i.p. administration of curcumin alone (*A. Goel, Biochemical pharmacology 2008.*)

#### Hepatic Injury Evaluation 24h after TA administration

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_2.jpeg)

# Z<sub>2</sub>

#### UNTREATED CTRL LIVER

#### TA TREATED LIVER

#### TA + APO-CUR-Gd TREATED LIVER

#### Low Density Lipoproteins as Theranostic Agents

![](_page_25_Picture_1.jpeg)

-Several examples of successful <u>delivery of drugs and imaging agents</u> through targeting of <u>LDL receptors</u> have already been reported.

-Altered LDLr levels are found in a variety of pathological conditions.

- Several rapidly dividing tumor cells over-express LDLr to supply the high cholesterol demand.

## Boron neutron capture therapy (BNCT)

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

In order to be successful, a sufficient amount of <sup>10</sup>B must be selectively delivered to the tumor (ca. 20-30 ppm) whereas <sup>10</sup>B concentration in the surrounding normal tissues should be low (<5 ppm).

![](_page_26_Figure_3.jpeg)

BNCT drugs available for clinical investigation

![](_page_27_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### A Boron/Gd/LDL adduct for Imaging-guided Neutron Capture Therapy

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

S Aime, et al Org. Biomol. Chem., 2008, 6, 4460–4466 Geninatti-Crich et al. Chemistry. 2011 Jul 18;17(30):8479-86. MRI analysis (Bruker 7T) on Pulmonary Metastasis obtained injecting i.v. 50000 TUBO cells (mammary carcinoma) three weeks before irradiation

![](_page_29_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### T1 weighted AXIAL IMAGES

![](_page_29_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Picture_4.jpeg)

Boron concentration Tumor: 43 ug/g Muscle: 16 ug/g

# **BNCT** at the TRIGA-Mark-II reactor, LENA, Pavia

![](_page_30_Picture_1.jpeg)

Neutron irradiation 7 minutes; Reactor Power 250 kW

#### 6h after Boron administration

#### 95% <sup>6</sup>Li-enriched lithium carbonate

![](_page_30_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_6.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_7.jpeg)

In collaboration with N. Protti, F. Ballarini, S. Bortolussi, S. Altieri, <sup>1</sup>University of Pavia, Department of Nuclear and Theoretical Physics

## **T2-weighted lung metastasis RARE images**

![](_page_31_Picture_1.jpeg)

**30 Days after BNCT** 

![](_page_31_Picture_3.jpeg)

Irradiiated and boron treated mice

WO

![](_page_31_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### Relative tumor volume measured by MRI after irradiation (15 minutes, TRIGA-Mark-II reactor, LENA, Pavia) Reactor power : 250 kW

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

# <u>Acknowledgements</u>

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_2.jpeg)

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![](_page_33_Picture_9.jpeg)

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